

Vulture Funds Target Venezuela

By Daisy Franco, J.D. Candidate 2020 | November 18, 2017

In light of Venezuela's social and political unrest, bonds have [plunged](#) in value due to fear that the government will finally default on its bond payments. Venezuelan bonds have been [popular](#) amongst foreign investors due to the country's overseas assets and stream of foreign exchange earnings. However, the country's current state [threatens](#) their value, and increases the risk of owning these bonds.

The conditions for default have been developing quickly. Venezuela has [missed](#) about \$350 million in interest payments over the past month, and [defaulted](#) on a power company's bonds. The price of bonds has [reached](#) a low of 20 cents on the dollar.

These conditions create the ideal climate for [funds](#), known as vulture investors, that specialize in the debts of near-bankrupt nations. These funds [buy](#) bonds from struggling countries at low rates and then pressure the countries through lengthy litigation into paying the bonds in full. Vulture investors have [profited](#) from past debt disasters, including the Argentina and Greece debt crisis. These vulture funds [wait](#) for the price of bonds to hit a certain price, usually 20 cents on the dollar, and then [commit](#) seriously to purchasing bonds.

The Maduro government is demanding that bond investors agree to a debt deal, but this will not be easy [because](#) of the country's unpopular government and [stalled](#) legislatures. Furthermore, because of sanctions, Venezuela is [unable](#) to hire bankers and lawyers to help reach an agreement with creditors. However, investors hope that Venezuela's wealth in [natural resources](#) will pull the country out of debt.